

Treasury Division

TMU 01 :(66) 2021 1111 TMU 02 :(66) 2021 1222 TMU 03 :(66) 2021 1333

Market Outlook

14-20 September 2015

Last Week: The U.S. dollar was lower against major currencies as investors remained cautious ahead of the Federal Reserve's policy announcement this week. From this uncertainty, the euro gradually gained last week. The pound appreciated against the U.S. dollar after the Bank of England (BOE) kept its interest rate unchanged at 0.5%. The New Zealand Dollar sharply lower against the U.S. dollar after the Reserve Bank of new Zealand (RNBZ) cut interest rates to 2.75%.

This Week: The main focus is on the Reserve Bank of Australia is to publish the minutes of its latest monetary policy meeting, the Bank of Japan (BOJ) is to announce its benchmark interest rates and statement and the U.S. is to published data on retail sales on Tuesday (15/9). Moreover, the euro zone and the U.S. will release the data on consumer price inflation on Wednesday (16/9). The New Zealand will release data on second quarter economic growth and the Federal Reserve is to announce its latest monetary policy decision on Thursday (17/9). Furthermore, the BOJ is to publish the minutes of its latest monetary policy meeting on Friday (18/9)

USD

At the beginning of last week, trading volume was subdued due to the closure of U.S. markets on Monday (7/9) for a holiday. The dollar was mixed on Tuesday (8/9) as rallying stock markets and positive German economic data gave global investors reasons to throttle down the risk aversion tactics that recently boosted the euro and yen. The dollar rose on Wednesday (9/9), riding a global equities rally that helped reassure investors along with signs that governments in China and Japan were readying fresh economic stimulus. However, the dollar fell on Thursday (10/9) as global stock markets outside America turned downward and economic data sent contrary signals on whether the U.S. Federal Reserve would raise U.S. interest rates next week. The U.S. Department of Labor released its reading on weekly jobless claims on Thursday, which showed a drop of 6,000 claims, a bullish signal about the labor market that bolsters arguments that the Fed will lift rates next week or later in 2015. The report of 275,000 was in line with estimate, and the prior week's initial report of 281,000. On Friday (11/9), the dollar traded in a small range and rose briefly when the government reported U.S. producer prices were unexpectedly flat during August. Another economic indicator issued on Friday (11/9), The University of Michigan's preliminary September reading on overall U.S. consumer sentiment index, was unexpectedly soft and briefly knocked the dollar down before it regained the losses. The September survey slid to 85.7, compared with the final reading of 91.9 in August. It was also much lower than the median forecast of 91.2.

Graph: Dollar Index (DXY)



Source: Reuter

Comments: At the beginning of this week, the dollar was likely to show limited gains or losses until Fed policy meeting. Many had expected the Fed would announce the first rate hike in almost a decade at this month's meeting, but those expectations have faded as worries over the health of the global economy have grown. The Fed holds its two-day meeting on Sept. 16 to Sept. 17 and markets are still guessing whether the central bank will hike rates then, or opt for December or early next year.

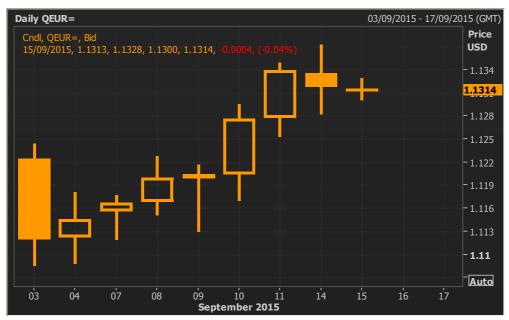
EUR & GBP

The euro opened at 1.1162/63 USD/EUR on Monday (14/9), slightly appreciated from Friday's close (11/9) at 1.1137/38 USD/EUR. The movement of the euro was fluctuated during the week as investors concerned over the Fed's interest rate decision during Sep 16-17th. The euro, at the beginning of the week, strengthened against the USD after the U.S. job data on Friday came out below expectation. However, the economic data from Eurozone came out mixed; German factory order was -1.4%, below expectation at -0.6% while German and French industrial production were also below expectation; the industrial production in July was 0.7% and -0.8%, expected of 1.1% and 0.2% respectively. While Germany's export and import in July came out 2.4% and 2.2%, better than expected of 1.0% and 0.7% respectively. The euro moved in a range of 1.1170-1.1338 USD/EUR.

The pound opened on Monday (14/9) at 1.5190/91 USD/GBP, having depreciated from Friday's close (11/9) at 1.5236/37 USD/GBP. During a week, the pound moved in a narrow range as investors waited for BOE meeting on September 10th. The BOE on Thursday kept its interest rate unchanged at the record-low of 0.5%. Meanwhile, the committee commented that the recent turmoil in China is not enough to deter MPC policy makers from increasing rates in the first quarter of next year. However, they

expected the economy to maintain healthy growth, and the inflation to stay close to zero for the next few months with volatile oil prices adding uncertainty to the outlook. The BOE governor, Mark Carney, said last month that the decision on when to raise rates was likely to come into sharper relief around the turn of the year. The pound moved in a range of 1.5277-1.5445 USD/GBP.

Graph: EUR &GBP





Source: Reuter

Comments: This week, EUR is expected to move between 1.1150-1.1400 USD/EUR, and GBP is expected to move between 1.5250-1.5500 USD/GBP. The data to be released this week are ZEW survey, and CPI from Eurozone and PPI, CPI, jobless claims change, and unemployment rate from the UK. Additionally, investors will focus on the decision of FOMC meeting this week.

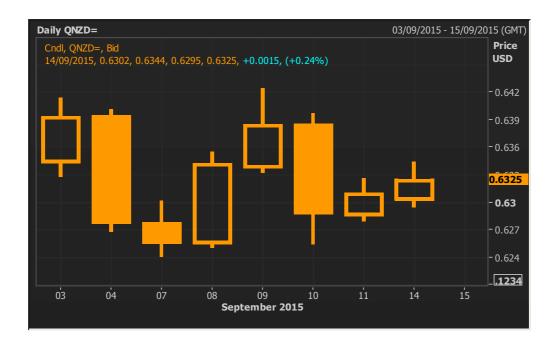
AUD & NZD

AUD opened on Monday (7/9) at 0.6920/22 USD/AUD, gained from Friday (4/9) closing level at 0.6906/08 USD/AUD following other major currencies as weaker U.S. labor data. At the beginning of the week, the Australian dollar appreciated against the dollar, supported by the release of upbeat job advertisement data from Australia. However, gains were held in check as downbeat trade data from China. China's export fell 6.1% in August, more than the expectation of 6% decrease and imports slumped 14.3%, compared to an expected 8.2% drop. At the end of the week, the Aussie rose continuously against the dollar as hopes for fresh stimulus measures in China lifted the market sentiment. Meanwhile, the report showed mixed Australian economic data. Home loans rose 0.3% in July from 4.8% in June, confounding expectations for a 0.8% gain. However, Employment added 17,400 jobs in August, compares to an expected 5,000 jobs. Unemployment rate fell to 6.2% last month from 6.3% in July, as expected. On Friday (11/9), the AUD closed at 0.7050/52 USD/AUD.

NZD started the week at 0.6280/82 USD/NZD, remained unchanged from Friday (4/9) closing level. At the beginning of the week, the New Zealand dollar was higher against the dollar as speculation surrounding possible stimulus measures in China boosted risk appetite. However, on Thursday (10/9), the New Zealand dollar dropped sharply against the dollar after the central bank, as expected, cut its overnight cash rate by 25 basis points to 2.75%. On Friday (11/9), the NZD closed at 0.6285/88 USD/NZD.

Graph: AUD and NZD





Source: Reuters

Comments: Last week, the Aussie dollar was supported by better-than-expected Australian economic data. Meanwhile, the kiwi dollar tried to recover but was hit by the RBNZ. This week, We are bullish on the AUD/USD as markets became calmer. However, I am bearish on the NZD/USD as the central bank not only cut policy rates last week but hinted about more rate cut to come. Meanwhile, market will eye on Australia's monetary policy meeting minutes, RBA Governor Steven speaks, New Zealand's GDT price index, New Zealand's current account and New Zealand's Q2 GDP. We expect the AUD range would be 0.6950 – 0.7200 USD/AUD and the NZD would move between 0.6150 – 0.6400 USD/NZD.

JPY

Last week, the yen opened on Monday (7/9) at 119.17/18 JPY/USD, depreciated from Friday (4/9) closing level at 119.07/08 JPY/USD. Last week the yen moved in a depreciated trend, though Japan's economic data was better than expected. Japan's final GDP Q2/2015 contracted by only 0.3% in Q2, better than originally published that contracted at 0.4%. Moreover, consumer confidence index increased 1.4 to 41.7 in August. The yen was under pressured by a comment of Yamamoto Kozo, one of the architects of the reflationary policies of Japan premier Shinzo Abe. He commented that bank of Japan (BOJ) should expand the stimulus program to counter weakness in the economy and boost up the inflation to meet target at 2%. Due to a comment by Yamamoto Kozo, market expected that BOJ may ease policy in 30 October meeting. Last week, the yen moved in the range between 118.76-121.33 JPY/USD and close at 120.62/64 JPY/USD.

Graph: JPY



Source: Reuters

<u>Comments:</u> This week market will focus on BOJ meeting on Tuesday (15/9), which expected that BOJ will hold policy unchanged. We expected the yen will move in the range between 119.50-121.00 JPY/USD.

THB

Last week, the THB was opened on Monday (7/9) at 35.99/36.01 THB/USD slightly depreciated from previous closed level at 35.86/88 THB/USD. The currency initially loose its momentum since a draft of a new Thai constitution failed to win sufficient approval in a vote by members of the country's military-appointed National Reform Council (NRC). The new constitution was rejected by 135 NRC members and approved by just 105 with no-vote of 7. The rejection by the NRC means a new constitution drafting committee must be set up and the process restarted. That would take up to six months. In addition, The bank of Thailand stated on Monday (7/9) that the depreciation in the THB was consistent with the regional currencies, and also believed that there is a possibility that the FED could hike their policy rate after job data showed sign of improvement. The THB was strong at the middle of the week from a bright trade balance data of Chinese economic which persuade investors to invest more in risky assets and sell their USD position. The USD was moved in a range of 35.92 – 36.26 THB/USD and closed on Friday (11/9) at 36.10/12 THB/USD.

Graph: THB



Source: Reuters

<u>Comments</u>: The THB could rally in a wider range after there are significant events ahead the week. The monetary policy from both BOT and FOMC could affect the movement of the THB dramatically. We will not expect the BOT changing their monetary policy base on their previous comments. On the other hands, there is slightly chance that FOMC could raise their rate for the first time in almost 10 years this week. We expect the THB to move in a range between 35.85-36.40 THB/USD.

FX Forecast

Currency	Support	Resistance
THB/USD	35.85	36.40
JPY/USD	119.50	121.00
USD/EUR	1.1150	1.1400
USD/GBP	1.5250	1.5500
USD/AUD	0.6950	0.7200
USD/NZD	0.6150	0.6400

Economic Calendar

Last week

Date		Event		Survey	Actual	Prior
07/09/2015 J	N	Official Reserve Assets	Aug		\$1244.2B	\$1242.3B
07/09/2015 J	N	Leading Index CI	Jul P	104.9	104.9	106.5
07/09/2015 J	N	Coincident Index	Jul P	112.2	112.2	112.3
07/09/2015	GΕ	Industrial Production SA MoM	Jul	1.10%	0.70%	-1.40%
07/09/2015	GΕ	Industrial Production WDA YoY	Jul	0.30%	0.50%	0.60%
07/09/2015 E	EC	Sentix Investor Confidence	Sep	16	13.6	18.4
08/09/2015 J	N	BoP Current Account Adjusted	Jul	¥1258.0B	¥1321.8B	¥1300.3B
08/09/2015 J	N	Trade Balance BoP Basis	Jul	-¥80.0B	-¥108.0B	¥102.6B
08/09/2015 J	N	GDP SA QoQ	2Q F	-0.50%	-0.30%	-0.40%
08/09/2015 J	N	GDP Annualized SA QoQ	2Q F	-1.80%	-1.20%	-1.60%
08/09/2015 J	N	GDP Nominal SA QoQ	2Q F	0.00%	0.10%	0.00%
08/09/2015 J	N	GDP Deflator YoY	2Q F	1.60%	1.50%	1.60%
08/09/2015 J	N	GDP Private Consumption QoQ	2Q F	-0.80%	-0.70%	-0.80%
08/09/2015 J	N	GDP Business Spending QoQ	2Q F	-0.90%	-0.90%	-0.10%
08/09/2015	GΕ	Trade Balance	Jul	23.5B	25.0B	24.0B
08/09/2015	ĜΕ	Current Account Balance	Jul	21.5B	23.4B	24.4B
08/09/2015	ĜΕ	Exports SA MoM	Jul	1.00%	2.40%	-1.00%
08/09/2015	GΕ	Imports SA MoM	Jul	0.70%	2.20%	-0.50%
08/09/2015	GΕ	Labor Costs WDA YoY	2Q		3.10%	3.20%
08/09/2015	GΕ	Labor Costs SA QoQ	2Q		0.90%	1.10%
08/09/2015 F	R	Bank of France Bus. Sentiment	Aug	99	98	98
08/09/2015 F	R	Budget Balance YTD	Jul		-79.8B	-58.5B
08/09/2015 F	R	Trade Balance	Jul	-3100M	-3299M	-2658M
08/09/2015 E	C	GDP SA QoQ	2Q P	0.30%	0.40%	0.30%
08/09/2015 E	C	GDP SA YoY	2Q P	1.20%	1.50%	1.20%
08/09/2015 E	C	Household Cons QoQ	2Q	0.30%	0.40%	0.50%
08/09/2015 E	C	Govt Expend QoQ	2Q	0.20%	0.30%	0.60%
08/09/2015 E	C	Gross Fix Cap QoQ	2Q	0.30%	-0.50%	0.80%
08/09/2015 L	JS	NFIB Small Business Optimism	Aug	96	95.9	95.4

08/09/2015 US	Labor Market Conditions Index Change	Aug	1.6	2.1	1.1
09/09/2015 US	Consumer Credit	Jul	\$18.800B	\$19.097B	\$20.740B
	Consumer Confidence Index	Aug	40.5	41.7	40.3
09/09/2015 JN	Machine Tool Orders YoY	Aug P		-16.50%	1.70%
09/09/2015 UK	Industrial Production MoM	Jul	0.10%	-0.40%	-0.40%
09/09/2015 UK	Industrial Production YoY	Jul	1.40%	0.80%	1.50%
09/09/2015 UK	Manufacturing Production MoM	Jul	0.20%	-0.80%	0.20%
09/09/2015 UK	Manufacturing Production YoY	Jul	0.50%	-0.50%	0.50%
09/09/2015 UK	Visible Trade Balance GBP/Mn	Jul	-£9500	-£11082	-£9184
09/09/2015 UK	Trade Balance Non EU GBP/Mn	Jul	-£1825	-£3461	-£1620
09/09/2015 UK	Trade Balance	Jul	-£1950	-£3371	-£1601
09/09/2015 US	MBA Mortgage Applications	Sep-04		-6.20%	11.30%
09/09/2015 US	JOLTS Job Openings	Jul	5300	5753	5249
10/09/2015 JN	Machine Orders MoM	Jul	3.00%	-3.60%	-7.90%
10/09/2015 JN	Machine Orders YoY	Jul	10.30%	2.80%	16.60%
10/09/2015 JN	PPI MoM	Aug	-0.40%	-0.60%	-0.20%
10/09/2015 JN	PPI YoY	Aug	-3.30%	-3.60%	-3.00%
10/09/2015 JN	Japan Buying Foreign Bonds	Sep-04		¥1120.5B	¥900.3B
10/09/2015 JN	Japan Buying Foreign Stocks	Sep-04		¥868.5B	¥582.7B
10/09/2015 JN	Foreign Buying Japan Bonds	Sep-04		-¥338.6B	¥230.1B
10/09/2015 JN	Foreign Buying Japan Stocks	Sep-04		-¥986.0B	-¥630.3B
10/09/2015 FR	Non-Farm Payrolls QoQ	2Q F	0.10%	0.20%	0.20%
10/09/2015 FR	Industrial Production MoM	Jul	0.20%	-0.80%	-0.10%
10/09/2015 FR	Industrial Production YoY	Jul	0.70%	-0.80%	0.60%
10/09/2015 FR	Manufacturing Production MoM	Jul	0.40%	-1.00%	-0.70%
10/09/2015 FR	Manufacturing Production YoY	Jul	0.70%	-1.30%	0.10%
10/09/2015 UK	Halifax House Prices MoM	Aug	0.50%	2.70%	-0.60%
10/09/2015 UK	Halifax House Price 3Mths/Year	Aug	7.90%	9.00%	7.90%
10/09/2015 UK	BOE Asset Purchase Target	Sep	375B	375B	375B
10/09/2015 UK	Bank of England Bank Rate	Sep-10	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
10/09/2015 US	Import Price Index MoM	Aug	-1.60%	-1.80%	-0.90%
10/09/2015 US	Import Price Index YoY	Aug	-11.10%	-11.40%	-10.40%
10/09/2015 US	Initial Jobless Claims	Sep-05	275K	275K	282K
10/09/2015 US	Continuing Claims	Aug-29	2253K	2260K	2257K
10/09/2015 US	Bloomberg Consumer Comfort	Sep-06		41.4	41.4
11/09/2015 JN	BSI Large All Industry QoQ	3Q		9.6	-1.2
11/09/2015 JN	BSI Large Manufacturing QoQ	3Q		11	-6
11/09/2015 GE	CPI MoM	Aug F	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
11/09/2015 GE	CPI YoY	Aug F	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
	CPI EU Harmonized MoM	Aug F	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
11/09/2015 GE	CPI EU Harmonized YoY	Aug F	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
11/09/2015 FR	Current Account Balance	Jul		-0.4B	1.0B
11/09/2015 IT	Industrial Production MoM	Jul	0.80%	1.10%	-1.10%
11/09/2015 IT	Industrial Production WDA YoY	Jul	0.90%	2.70%	-0.30%

11/09/2015	ΙΤ	Industrial Production NSA YoY	Jul		2.70%	2.90%
11/09/2015	UK	Construction Output SA MoM	Jul	0.50%	-1.00%	0.90%
11/09/2015	UK	Construction Output SA YoY	Jul	0.90%	-0.70%	2.60%
11/09/2015	UK	BoE/GfK Inflation Next 12 Mths	Aug		2.00%	2.20%
11/09/2015	US	PPI Final Demand MoM	Aug	-0.10%	0.00%	0.20%
11/09/2015	US	PPI Ex Food and Energy MoM	Aug	0.10%	0.30%	0.30%
11/09/2015	US	PPI Ex Food, Energy, Trade MoM	Aug	0.10%	0.10%	0.20%
11/09/2015	US	PPI Final Demand YoY	Aug	-0.90%	-0.80%	-0.80%
11/09/2015	US	PPI Ex Food and Energy YoY	Aug	0.70%	0.90%	0.60%
11/09/2015	US	PPI Ex Food, Energy, Trade YoY	Aug	0.70%	0.70%	0.90%
11/09/2015	US	U. of Mich. Sentiment	Sep P	91.1	85.7	91.9
11/09/2015	US	U. of Mich. Current Conditions	Sep P		100.3	105.1
11/09/2015	US	U. of Mich. Expectations	Sep P		76.4	83.4
11/09/2015	US	U. of Mich. 1 Yr Inflation	Sep P		2.90%	2.80%
11/09/2015	US	U. of Mich. 5-10 Yr Inflation	Sep P		2.80%	2.70%

This week

Date	Event		Survey	Actual	Prior
14/09/2015 JN	Tokyo Condominium Sales YoY	Aug		23.70%	13.30%
14/09/2015 JN	Tertiary Industry Index MoM	Jul	0.20%	0.20%	0.30%
14/09/2015 JN	Industrial Production MoM	Jul F	1	-0.80%	-0.60%
14/09/2015 JN	Industrial Production YoY	Jul F		0.00%	0.20%
14/09/2015 JN	Capacity Utilization MoM	Jul		-0.20%	0.70%
14/09/2015 EC	Industrial Production SA MoM	Jul	0.30%		-0.40%
14/09/2015 EC	Industrial Production WDA YoY	Jul	0.70%		1.20%
15/09/2015 FR	CPI EU Harmonized MoM	Aug	0.30%		-0.50%
15/09/2015 FR	CPI EU Harmonized YoY	Aug	0.20%		0.20%
15/09/2015 FR	CPI MoM	Aug	0.30%		-0.40%
15/09/2015 FR	CPI YoY	Aug	0.10%		0.20%
15/09/2015 UK	CPI MoM	Aug	0.20%		-0.20%
15/09/2015 UK	CPI YoY	Aug	0.00%		0.10%
15/09/2015 UK	CPI Core YoY	Aug	1.00%		1.20%
15/09/2015 UK	Retail Price Index	Aug	259.3		258.6
15/09/2015 UK	PPI Input NSA MoM	Aug	-2.40%		-0.90%
15/09/2015 UK	PPI Input NSA YoY	Aug	-13.60%		-12.40%
15/09/2015 UK	PPI Output NSA MoM	Aug	-0.20%		-0.10%
15/09/2015 UK	PPI Output NSA YoY	Aug	-1.70%		-1.60%
15/09/2015 UK	PPI Output Core NSA MoM	Aug	0.00%		0.10%
15/09/2015 UK	PPI Output Core NSA YoY	Aug	0.20%		0.30%
15/09/2015 UK	ONS House Price YoY	Jul			5.70%
15/09/2015 EC	Trade Balance SA	Jul	21.4B		21.9B
15/09/2015 EC	Trade Balance NSA	Jul	28.0B		26.4B
15/09/2015 EC	Employment QoQ	2Q			0.10%

15/09/2015 FC	Employment YoY	2Q			0.80%
	ZEW Survey Current Situation	Sep	64		65.7
	ZEW Survey Expectations	Sep	18.3		25
	ZEW Survey Expectations	Sep			47.6
	Retail Sales Advance MoM	Aug	0.30%		0.60%
	Retail Sales Ex Auto MoM	Aug	0.20%		0.40%
	Retail Sales Ex Auto and Gas	Aug	0.40%		0.40%
	Retail Sales Control Group	Aug	0.40%		0.30%
	Empire Manufacturing	Sep	-0.15		-14.92
	Industrial Production MoM	Aug	-0.20%		0.60%
	Capacity Utilization	Aug	77.80%		78.00%
	Manufacturing (SIC) Production	Aug	-0.30%		0.80%
	Business Inventories	Jul	0.10%		0.80%
	BOJ Annual Rise in Monetary Base	Sep-15	¥80T		¥80T
	Machine Tool Orders YoY	Aug F			-16.50%
	Claimant Count Rate	Aug	2.30%		2.30%
	Jobless Claims Change	Aug	-5.0K		-4.9K
	Average Weekly Earnings 3M/YoY	Jul	2.50%		2.40%
	Weekly Earnings ex Bonus 3M/YoY	Jul	2.90%		2.80%
	ILO Unemployment Rate 3Mths	Jul	5.60%		5.60%
	Employment Change 3M/3M	Jul	18K		-63K
16/09/2015 EC		Aug	0.00%		-0.60%
16/09/2015 EC	CPI YoY	Aug F	0.20%		0.20%
16/09/2015 EC	CPI Core YoY	Aug F	1.00%		1.00%
16/09/2015 EC	Labour Costs YoY	2Q			2.20%
16/09/2015 US	MBA Mortgage Applications	Sep-11			-6.20%
16/09/2015 US	CPI MoM	Aug	-0.10%	1	0.10%
16/09/2015 US	CPI Ex Food and Energy MoM	Aug	0.10%		0.10%
16/09/2015 US	CPI YoY	Aug	0.20%		0.20%
16/09/2015 US	CPI Ex Food and Energy YoY	Aug	1.90%		1.80%
16/09/2015 US	CPI Index NSA	Aug	238.422		238.654
16/09/2015 US	CPI Core Index SA	Aug	242.805		242.513
16/09/2015 US	NAHB Housing Market Index	Sep	61		61
17/09/2015 JN	Japan Buying Foreign Bonds	Sep-11			¥1120.5b
17/09/2015 JN	Japan Buying Foreign Stocks	Sep-11			¥868.5b
17/09/2015 JN	Foreign Buying Japan Bonds	Sep-11			-¥338.6b
17/09/2015 JN	Foreign Buying Japan Stocks	Sep-11			-¥986.0b
17/09/2015 JN	Trade Balance	Aug	-¥540.0B		-¥268.1B
17/09/2015 JN	Trade Balance Adjusted	Aug	-¥377.3B		-¥368.8B
17/09/2015 JN	Exports YoY	Aug	4.3		7.6
17/09/2015 JN	Imports YoY	Aug	-2.5		-3.2
17/09/2015 IT	Trade Balance Total	Jul			2809M
17/09/2015 IT	Trade Balance EU	Jul			596M
17/09/2015 UK	Retail Sales Ex Auto Fuel MoM	Aug	0.10%		0.40%

17/09/2015	UK	Retail Sales Ex Auto Fuel YoY	Aug	3.80%	 4.30%
17/09/2015	UK	Retail Sales Inc Auto Fuel MoM	Aug	0.20%	 0.10%
17/09/2015	UK	Retail Sales Inc Auto Fuel YoY	Aug	3.80%	 4.20%
17/09/2015	EC	Construction Output MoM	Jul		 -1.90%
17/09/2015	EC	Construction Output YoY	Jul		 -2.30%
17/09/2015	US	Current Account Balance	2Q	-\$112.1B	 -\$113.3B
17/09/2015	US	Housing Starts	Aug	1170K	 1206K
17/09/2015	US	Housing Starts MoM	Aug	-3.00%	 0.20%
17/09/2015	US	Building Permits	Aug	1155K	 1119K
17/09/2015	US	Building Permits MoM	Aug	2.20%	 -16.30%
17/09/2015	US	Initial Jobless Claims	Sep-12	277K	 275K
17/09/2015	US	Continuing Claims	Sep-05	2263K	 2260K
17/09/2015	US	Philadelphia Fed Business Outlook	Sep	6	 8.3
18/09/2015	US	FOMC Rate Decision (Upper Bound)	Sep-17	0.44%	 0.25%
18/09/2015	US	FOMC Rate Decision (Lower Bound)	Sep-17	0.25%	 0.00%
18/09/2015	JN	Nationwide Dept Sales YoY	Aug		 3.40%
18/09/2015	JN	Tokyo Dept Store Sales YoY	Aug		 7.20%
18/09/2015	FR	Wages QoQ	2Q F		 0.30%
18/09/2015	EC	ECB Current Account SA	Jul		 25.4B
18/09/2015	EC	Current Account NSA	Jul		 31.1B
18/09/2015	IT	Current Account Balance	Jul		 3528M
18/09/2015	US	Leading Index	Aug	0.20%	 -0.20%
		Household Change in Net Worth	2Q		 \$1629B