

Treasury Division

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Market Outlook

25 July - 31 July 2016

Last Week: Last week, the dollar index strengthened to a 4-month high on the strong U.S. economic datas such as the existing home sales and the manufacturing PMI. On Thursday (21/7), the European Central Bank (ECB) decided to keep the benchmark interest rate at 0% and the amount of the QE program unchanged as widely expected. However, the ECB president, Mario Draghi, said that the ECB was ready to act by using all the instruments available under its mandate if necessary. At the end of the week, the Japanese yen rallied after the Bank of Japan Governor Haruhiko Kuroda said the central bank saw no need to stimulate the economy with helicopter money. For the Thai baht, it appreciated according to other Asian currencies from the capital inflows in both debt and capital markets during the week and founded below 35 THB/USD.

This Week: In a week ahead, we expect that the dollar will move in a narrow range ahead of the FOMC (26-27/7). It's expected that the Fed will signal the rate hike in this year. Furthermore, investors are keeping eyes on the important U.S. data such as the Conference Board (CB) consumer confidence (26/7), the Durable goods orders (27/7), Q2-GDP (29/7). If it appears to be impressive, the dollar will gain and that could drive the Thai baht to move in a bearish trend. At the end of the week, the market also will focus on Bank of Japan (BOJ)'s meeting (29/7) and it is expected that the BOJ may add more easing measures.

USD

Last week, the USD opened at 96.545 on Wednesday morning, which was higher than the closed level at 96.095 on Friday evening. The USD was supported by better US economic data. The U.S. Census Bureau announced the housing starts at 4.8% (1.19 million units) which was higher than the expected data at 1.17 million units. Moreover, the US Retail Sales in June also rose 0.6% which was higher than the forecast at 0.1%. Furthermore, the US CPI increased 0.2% as the expectation which was the fourth consecutive months, contributed by higher household consumption of energy, accommodation and healthcare.

Although, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) reduced the global economic forecast down to 3.1% from 3.2% in 2016 and 3.4% from 3.5% in 2017 due to the uncertainty of global economy after the United Kingdom voted for leaving the European Union (Brexit), the USD still gained along the week in range between 96.50 and 97.512 and closed at 97.316 on Friday (22/7).

Graph: Dollar Index (DXY)



Source: Reuter

Comments: In this week, the USD tends to appreciate against major currencies owing to better US economic data. The main focus is on FOMC Meeting (26/7 to 27/7), Durable Goods (27/7), GDP in second quarter, and University of Michigan Sentiment.

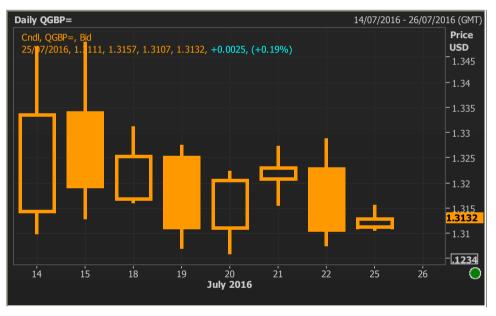
EUR & GBP

The euro opened on Wednesday (20/7) at 1.1003/07 USD/EUR, weakened against the dollar from Friday's close (15/7) at 1.1139/41 USD/EUR. The dollar firmed on Wednesday as strong U.S. data and rising expectations that the Bank of Japan will muster additional easing steps. While the focus this week was on European Central Bank's (ECB) policy meeting on Thursday (21/7) which is expected to hold its policy unchanged. The EUR was also weighed down after the ZEW economic sentiment in Germany and European Unions; ZEW expectations from EU and Germany in July were down to -14.7 and -6.8 respectively. Moreover, the IMF cut global GDP to 3.1% from 3.2% in 2016 and cut EU GDP to 1.6% from 1.7% in 2016 and to 1.4% from 1.7% in 2017 as the impact from the UK referendum to leave the EU was blamed for a considerable decay in sentiment as well as GDP projections. The European Commission also projects the GDP in 2016 and 2017 to slow further. On Thursday, ECB kept its record low interest rate on hold despite worries about how Britain's vote to leave the European Union will affect the continent's economy, the ECB also left the door opened to more policy stimulus in coming months. At the end of the week, euro weakened against the dollar despite mixed Eurozone data; the manufacturing PMI in July from EU dropped to 51.9 and service PMI dropped to 52.7. The PMI manufacturing from Germany also dropped to 53.7, while service PMI rose to 54.6 and the PMI from France both manufacturing and services came out better than expected to 48.6 and 50.3 respectively. The industrial order from Italy in May dropped 2.8% mom, while retail sales from Italy rose 0.3% mom. During a week, the euro moved in a range of 1.0973-1.1058 USD/EUR and closed on Friday (22/7) at 1.0951/53 USD/EUR.

The pound opened on Wednesday (20/7) at 1.3066/70 USD/GBP, weakened against the dollar from Friday's close (15/7) at 1.3350/53 USD/GBP. The Sterling was also undermined by the IMF's forecast with UK growth downgraded to 1.7% from 1.9% in 2016 and to just 1.3% from 2.2% in 2017. The EC also projects the GDP in UK to grow between 1.3-1.6%, from 1.8% predicted last time. The sterling continually dropped against the dollar after there was downbeat economic data which add concerns over the outlook over British's growth; the Flash Services PMI dropped to 47.4 in July, below expected. During a week, the sterling move between 1.3061-1.3289 USD/GBP and closed on Friday (22/7) at 1.3106/08 USD/GBP.

Graph: EUR and GBP





Source: Reuters

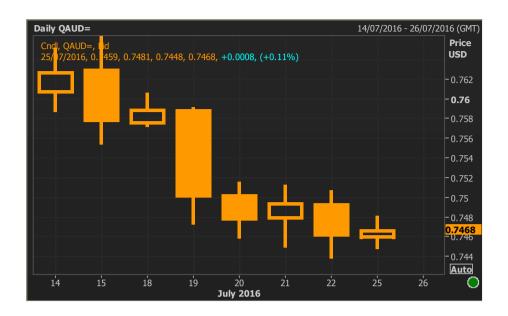
Comments: This week's focus will be on policy meeting from Fed and BoJ which will be held on July 26-27th and July 28-29th respectively. The euro should move in narrow range as there is no major factor while the sterling might move lower as BOE monetary policy committee, Weale, indicated that he has changed his mind and now favors an immediate stimulus for the economy. The BOE will hold its policy meeting next week (August 3rd). The EUR should move between 1.0850-1.1100 USD/EUR and the GBP should move between 1.3000-1.3250 USD/GBP.

AUD & NZD

The Australian dollar opened on Monday (18/7) at 0.7575/77 USD/AUD, slightly depreciated from the previous closing level on Friday (15/7) at 0.7577/79 USD/AUD. The Australian dollar fell against the U.S. dollar during the week after the minutes from the Reserve Bank of Australia's (RBA) July meeting released on Tuesday (19/7), which signaled that it may be ready to lower the cash rate further since the inflation would remain quite low, but any moves depend on incoming data. Moreover, The NAB quarterly business confidence survey came out at plus 2 in the second quarter, compared to the first quarter at plus 4. However, The Australian dollar rose against the U.S. dollar on Thursday (21/7), as the market sentiment began to improve. However, the Australian dollar dropped against the U.S. dollar on Friday (22/7), as the U.S. dollar gained against most of major peers amid concern over the recession in the U.K. and the improved U.S. manufacturing data. During last week, the Australian dollar moved in a range of 0.7439-0.7606 USD/AUD before closing level on Friday (22/7) at 0.7461/63 USD/AUD.

Last week, The New Zealand dollar opened on Monday (18/7) at 0.7110/12 USD/NZD, slightly appreciated from the previous closing level on Friday (15/7) 0.7101/03 USD/NZD, However, the New Zealand dollar fell against the U.S. dollar during the week after the second quarter CPI came out at 0.4% gain for the quarter-on-quarter and year-on-year figures, below expectations at 0.5% gain seen for both periods. Moreover, the global growth concerns continued to weigh on the sentiment after the International Monetary Fund (IMF) downwardly revised its projection for global economic growth in 2016 to 3.1%, from the prior 3.2%, and 3.4% in 2017 from 3.5%. However, the commodity currencies found some supports on Wednesday (20/7), as oil prices moved higher after the American Petroleum Institute said crude stockpiles fell more-than-expected last week. But, the New Zealand dollar fell against the U.S. dollar on Thursday (21/7) after the Reserve Bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) suggested the more easing is possible from an overnight cash rate of 2.25% and call for a weaker exchange rate. The next rate review by the RBNZ is Aug. 11. During last week, the kiwi moved between the range of 0.6949-0.7153 USD/NZD before closing level on Friday (22/7) at 0.6997/99 USD/NZD last week.

Graph: AUD and NZD





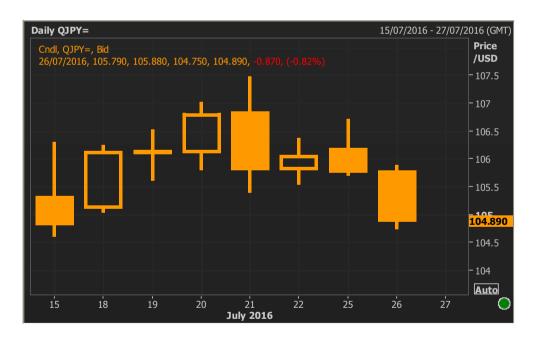
Source: Reuter

Comments: This week, the market will focus on trade balance of New Zealand (26/7), the consumer price inflation of Australia (27/7), the business confidence of New Zealand (29/7) and producer price inflation of Australia (29/7). Meanwhile, we expect that both of the Australian dollar and the New Zealand dollar will move in a range of 0.7350-0.7550 USD/AUD and 0.6900-0.7100 USD/NZD.

JPY

Last week, the yen opened on Monday (18/7) at 105.12/14 JPY/USD, depreciated from the previous week's (15/7) closing level at 104.83/85 JPY/USD as expectations rose that the Federal Reserve would tighten monetary policy while other major central banks are forecast to loosen policy. The yen has been sold by investors as expectations that the Bank of Japan (BOJ) will pursue additional monetary easing, possibly in conjunction with the Japanese government. On Thursday (21/7), the Reuters Tankan sentiment index for manufacturers was unchanged at 3 in July and was seen worsening to zero in October, which was dragged down by exporters of cars, electronics, steel and chemicals. However, the yen rebounded after comments from the Bank of Japan's Governor Haruhiko Kuroda. He said that the bank saw no need to stimulate the economy with helicopter money, essentially a policy of injecting cash directly to the economy in some form by printing money. On Friday (22/7), the IHS Markit/Nikkei reported Japan Flash Manufacturing Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) edged up to 49.0 in July on a seasonally adjusted basis versus a final reading of 48.1 in June. The headline index remained below the 50 threshold that separates contraction from expansion for the fifth month.

Graph: JPY



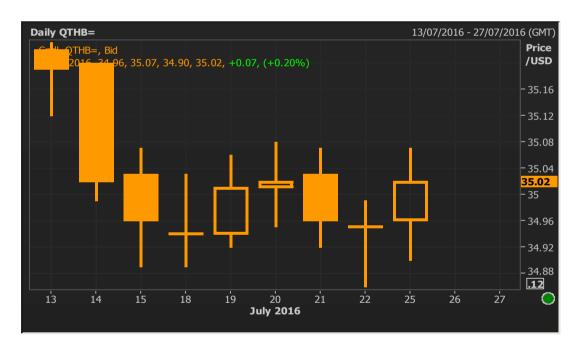
Source: Reuters

Comments: This week, the market will focus on the Bank of Japan meeting (28-29 July). Where it is expected to ease monetary policy, to boost inflations. The yen is expected to move between 104.00-107.00 JPY/USD.

THB

Last week, the Thai Baht opened on Wednesday morning (20/7) at 35.04/06 THB/USD, depreciated from Friday's (15/7) closing level at 34.92/94 THB/USD. The Baht dropped on the gain of the greenback which was supported by a better figure of housing start, announced by the US Finance Ministry, in June +4.8% or 1.19 Million units higher than expectations at 1.17 Million units, and the highest in 4 months. Also, the US industrial production in June edged higher to 0.6%, the highest level since July 2015. However, the IMF announced a lower global GDP growth forecast for 2016 to +3.1% from +3.2% in the previous forecast and +3.4% for 2017 from +3.5% in previous one amid a global concern of Brexit. Therefore, investors expect that the US Federal Reserve (FED) would maintain the Fed Fund Rate at 0.25% - 0.5% for a while. As a result, there were tremendous capital inflows in both debt and capital markets in Thailand later in the week. The Thai Baht was traded in the range of 34.86-35.08 THB/USD before it closed on Friday (22/7) at 34.95/97 THB/USD.

Graph: THB



Source: Reuters

<u>Comments:</u> In this week, the Thai Baht is expected to be appreciated further because of the capital inflows. Investors are eying on FOMC meeting on 26-27 July 2016 and the BOJ's meeting on 28-29 July 2016. The range of the Thai Baht would be between 34.80 THB/USD and 35.20 THB/USD.

FX Forecast

Currency	Support	Resistance
USD/THB	34.80	35.20
EUR/USD	1.0850	1.1100
GBP/USD	1.3000	1.3250
AUD/USD	0.7350	0.7550
NZD/USD	0.6900	0.7100
USD/JPY	104.00	107.00

Economic Calendar

Last Week

Date		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual	Prior
18-Jul	UK	Rightmove House Prices MoM	Jul		-0.90%	0.80%
18-Jul	UK	Rightmove House Prices YoY	Jul	1	4.50%	5.50%
18-Jul	US	NAHB Housing Market Index	Jul	60	59	60
19-Jul	UK	CPI MoM	Jun	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
19-Jul	UK	CPI YoY	Jun	0.40%	0.50%	0.30%
19-Jul	UK	CPI Core YoY	Jun	1.30%	1.40%	1.20%
19-Jul	UK	Retail Price Index	Jun	262.7	263.1	262.1
19-Jul	UK	RPI MoM	Jun	0.20%	0.40%	0.30%
19-Jul	UK	RPI YoY	Jun	1.50%	1.60%	1.40%
19-Jul	UK	RPI Ex Mort Int.Payments (YoY)	Jun	1.50%	1.70%	1.50%
19-Jul	UK	PPI Input NSA MoM	Jun	1.10%	1.80%	2.60%
19-Jul	UK	PPI Input NSA YoY	Jun	-0.80%	-0.50%	-3.90%
19-Jul	UK	PPI Output NSA MoM	Jun	0.20%	0.20%	0.10%
19-Jul	UK	PPI Output NSA YoY	Jun	-0.50%	-0.40%	-0.70%
19-Jul	UK	PPI Output Core NSA MoM	Jun	0.10%	0.10%	0.00%
19-Jul	UK	PPI Output Core NSA YoY	Jun	0.60%	0.70%	0.50%
19-Jul	UK	House Price Index YoY	May	-	8.10%	8.20%
19-Jul	EC	Construction Output MoM	May		-0.50%	-0.20%
19-Jul	EC	Construction Output YoY	May		-0.80%	-0.40%
19-Jul	GE	ZEW Survey Current Situation	Jul	51.8	49.8	54.5
19-Jul	GE	ZEW Survey Expectations	Jul	9	-6.8	19.2
19-Jul	EC	ZEW Survey Expectations	Jul	1	-14.7	20.2
19-Jul	US	Housing Starts	Jun	1165k	1189k	1164k
19-Jul	US	Housing Starts MoM	Jun	0.20%	4.80%	-0.30%
19-Jul	US	Building Permits	Jun	1150k	1153k	1138k
19-Jul	US	Building Permits MoM	Jun	1.20%	1.50%	0.70%
20-Jul	JN	Nationwide Dept Sales YoY	Jun		-3.50%	-5.10%
20-Jul	JN	Tokyo Dept Store Sales YoY	Jun		-3.20%	-4.50%

Date		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual	Prior
20-Jul	GE	PPI MoM	Jun	0.20%	0.40%	0.40%
20-Jul	GE	PPI YoY	Jun	-2.40%	-2.20%	-2.70%
20-Jul	EC	ECB Current Account SA	May	-2.40/0	30.8b	36.2b
20-Jul	EC	Current Account NSA	May		15.4b	34.0b
20-Jul	UK	Claimant Count Rate	Jun	2.20%	2.20%	2.20%
20-Jul	UK	Jobless Claims Change	Jun	3.5k	0.4k	-0.4k
20-Jul	UK	Average Weekly Earnings 3M/YoY	May	2.30%	2.30%	2.00%
20-Jul	UK	Weekly Earnings ex Bonus 3M/YoY	May	2.40%	2.20%	2.30%
20-Jul	UK	ILO Unemployment Rate 3Mths	May	5.00%	4.90%	5.00%
20-Jul	UK	Employment Change 3M/3M	May	73k	176k	5.00% 55k
20-Jul	IT	Current Account Balance	May	75K	3189m	4655m
20-Jul	US	MBA Mortgage Applications	Jul-15		-1.30%	7.20%
20-Jul	EC	Consumer Confidence	Jul A	-8	-7.9	-7.3
21-Jul	JN	All Industry Activity Index MoM	May	-1.10%	-1.00%	1.30%
21-Jul	JN	Supermarket Sales YoY	Jun	-1.10/0	-0.50%	-1.30%
21-Jul	JN	Machine Tool Orders YoY	Jun F		-19.90%	-19.90%
21-Jul	FR	Business Survey Overall Demand	Jul		12	12
21-Jul	FR	Business Confidence	Jul	99	102	100
21-Jul	FR	Manufacturing Confidence	Jul	101	103	100
21-Jul	UK	Retail Sales Ex Auto Fuel MoM	Jun	-0.60%	-0.90%	1.00%
21-Jul	UK	Retail Sales Ex Auto Fuel YoY	Jun	4.80%	3.90%	5.70%
21-Jul	UK	Retail Sales Inc Auto Fuel MoM	Jun	-0.60%	-0.90%	0.90%
21-Jul	UK	Retail Sales Inc Auto Fuel YoY	Jun	5.00%	4.30%	6.00%
21-Jul	EC	ECB Main Refinancing Rate	Jul-21	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
21-Jul	EC	ECB Deposit Facility Rate	Jul-21	-0.40%	-0.40%	-0.40%
21-Jul	EC	ECB Marginal Lending Facility	Jul-21	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
21-Jul	EC	ECB Asset Purchase Target	Jul	EU80b	EU80b	EU80b
21-Jul	US	Chicago Fed Nat Activity Index	Jun	-0.2	0.16	-0.51
21-Jul	CA	Wholesale Trade Sales MoM	May	0.20%	1.80%	0.10%
21-Jul	US	Initial Jobless Claims	Jul-16	265k	253k	254k
21-Jul	US	Continuing Claims	Jul-09	2137k	2128k	2149k
21-Jul	US	Philadelphia Fed Business Outlook	Jul	4.5	-2.9	4.7
21-Jul	US	Existing Home Sales	Jun	5.48m	5.57m	5.53m
21-Jul	US	Existing Home Sales MoM	Jun	-0.90%	1.10%	1.80%
21-Jul	US	Leading Index	Jun	0.20%	0.30%	-0.20%
22-Jul	JN	Japan Buying Foreign Bonds	Jul-15		¥1718.1b	¥2549.1b
22-Jul	JN	Japan Buying Foreign Stocks	Jul-15		¥453.7b	¥221.2b
22-Jul	JN	Foreign Buying Japan Bonds	Jul-15		-¥115.7b	¥27.4b
22-Jul	JN	Foreign Buying Japan Stocks	Jul-15		¥444.6b	-¥306.8b
22-Jul	JN	Nikkei Japan PMI Mfg	Jul P		49	48.1
22-Jul	FR	Markit France Manufacturing PMI	Jul P	48	48.6	48.3
22-Jul	FR	Markit France Services PMI	Jul P	49.5	50.3	49.9
22-Jul	FR	Markit France Composite PMI	Jul P	49.2	50	49.6

Date		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual	Prior
		Markit/BME Germany Manufacturing				
22-Jul	GE	PMI	Jul P	53.4	53.7	54.5
22-Jul	GE	Markit Germany Services PMI	Jul P	53.2	54.6	53.7
22-Jul	IT	Industrial Sales MoM	May		-1.10%	2.10%
22-Jul	IT	Industrial Sales WDA YoY	May		-2.70%	0.10%
22-Jul	IT	Industrial Orders MoM	May		-2.80%	1.00%
22-Jul	IT	Industrial Orders NSA YoY	May		-4.20%	-11.30%
22-Jul	EC	Markit Eurozone Manufacturing PMI	Jul P	52	51.9	52.8
22-Jul	EC	Markit Eurozone Services PMI	Jul P	52.3	52.7	52.8
22-Jul	EC	Markit Eurozone Composite PMI	Jul P	52.5	52.9	53.1
22-Jul	UK	Markit UK PMI Manufacturing SA	Jul P	48.7	49.1	52.1
22-Jul	UK	Markit/CIPS UK Services PMI	Jul P	48.8	47.4	52.3
22-Jul	UK	Markit/CIPS UK Composite PMI	Jul P	49	47.7	52.4
22-Jul	IT	Retail Sales MoM	May	-0.20%	0.30%	0.10%
22-Jul	IT	Retail Sales YoY	May	1.00%	-1.30%	-0.50%
22-Jul	CA	Retail Sales MoM	May	0.00%	0.20%	0.90%
22-Jul	CA	Retail Sales Ex Auto MoM	May	0.30%	0.90%	1.30%
22-Jul	CA	CPI NSA MoM	Jun	0.10%	0.20%	0.40%
22-Jul	CA	CPI YoY	Jun	1.40%	1.50%	1.50%
22-Jul	CA	Consumer Price Index	Jun	128.9	129.1	128.8
22-Jul	CA	CPI Core MoM	Jun	-0.10%	0.00%	0.30%
22-Jul	CA	CPI Core YoY	Jun	2.00%	2.10%	2.10%
22-Jul	CA	CPI SA MoM	Jun	0.40%	0.20%	0.20%
22-Jul	CA	CPI Core SA MoM	Jun	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
22-Jul	US	Markit US Manufacturing PMI	Jul P	51.5	52.9	51.3

This Week

Date		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual	Prior
25-Jul	JN	Trade Balance	Jun	¥474.4b	¥692.8b	-¥40.7b
25-Jul	JN	Trade Balance Adjusted	Jun	¥244.2b	¥335.0b	¥269.8b
25-Jul	JN	Exports YoY	Jun	-11.3	-7.4	-11.3
25-Jul	JN	Imports YoY	Jun	-20	-18.8	-13.8
25-Jul	JN	Leading Index CI	May F	-	99.7	100
25-Jul	GE	IFO Business Climate	Jul	107.5	1	108.7
25-Jul	GE	IFO Current Assessment	Jul	114		114.5
25-Jul	GE	IFO Expectations	Jul	101.6	1	103.1
26-Jul	JN	PPI Services YoY	Jun	0.10%		0.20%
26-Jul	UK	BBA Loans for House Purchase	Jun	39650		42187
26-Jul	US	Markit US Services PMI	Jul P	52		51.4
26-Jul	US	Markit US Composite PMI	Jul P			51.2
26-Jul	US	Consumer Confidence Index	Jul	95.5		98
26-Jul	US	Richmond Fed Manufact. Index	Jul	-5		-7

	Event	Dariad	Curs (NA)	Actual	Drior
LIC				Actual	Prior 551k
					-6.00%
			1.00%		
			0.00/		46.5
	,				0.90%
	•				-5.50%
					10.1
					97
					0.30%
					-3.50%
	, , , ,				4.90%
					110.2
	'		102		102.8
					101.2
UK					0.40%
UK		2Q A			2.00%
UK	Index of Services MoM	May	0.10%		0.60%
UK	Index of Services 3M/3M	May	0.30%		0.50%
UK	CBI Retailing Reported Sales	Jul	1		4
UK	CBI Total Dist. Reported Sales	Jul			14
US	MBA Mortgage Applications	Jul-22			-1.30%
US	Durable Goods Orders	Jun P	-1.10%		-2.30%
US	Durables Ex Transportation	Jun P	0.30%		-0.30%
US	Pending Home Sales MoM	Jun	1.20%		-3.70%
US	Pending Home Sales NSA YoY	Jun	3.00%		2.40%
US	FOMC Rate Decision (Upper Bound)	Jul-27	0.50%		0.50%
US	FOMC Rate Decision (Lower Bound)	Jul-27	0.25%		0.25%
JN	Japan Buying Foreign Bonds	Jul-22			¥1718.1b
JN	Japan Buying Foreign Stocks	Jul-22			¥453.7b
JN	Foreign Buying Japan Bonds	Jul-22			-¥115.7b
JN	Foreign Buying Japan Stocks	Jul-22			¥444.6b
UK	Nationwide House PX MoM	Jul	0.00%		0.20%
UK	Nationwide House Px NSA YoY	Jul	4.50%		5.10%
GE	Unemployment Change (000's)	Jul	-4k		-6k
GE	Unemployment Claims Rate SA	Jul	6.10%		6.10%
IT	Hourly Wages MoM	Jun			0.00%
IT	Hourly Wages YoY	Jun			0.60%
EC	Economic Confidence	Jul	103.6		104.4
EC	Business Climate Indicator	Jul	0.17		0.22
					-2.8
					10.8
					-7.9
					0.10%
					0.30%
GE	CPI EU Harmonized MoM	Jul P	0.30%		0.10%
	UK UK UK US	US New Home Sales MoM JN Small Business Confidence GE Import Price Index MoM GE Import Price Index YoY GE GfK Consumer Confidence FR Consumer Confidence FR PPI MoM FR PPI YOY EC M3 Money Supply YoY IT Consumer Confidence Index IT Manufacturing Confidence IT Economic Sentiment UK GDP QoQ UK GDP YOY UK Index of Services MoM UK Index of Services 3M/3M UK CBI Retailing Reported Sales US MBA Mortgage Applications US Durable Goods Orders US Durables Ex Transportation US Pending Home Sales MoM US Pending Home Sales NSA YOY US FOMC Rate Decision (Lower Bound) JN Japan Buying Foreign Bonds JN Foreign Buying Japan Stocks JN Foreign Buying Japan Stocks UK Nationwide House PX MoM UK Nationwide House PX MoM IT Hourly Wages YoY EC Economic Confidence EC Business Climate Indicator EC Industrial Confidence EC Consumer Confidence EC Consumer Confidence EC CPI MoM GE CPI YoY	USNew Home SalesJunUSNew Home Sales MoMJunJNSmall Business ConfidenceJulGEImport Price Index MoMJunGEImport Price Index YoYJunGEGfK Consumer ConfidenceAugFRConsumer ConfidenceJulFRPPI MoMJunFRPPI YOYJunECM3 Money Supply YOYJunITConsumer Confidence IndexJulITManufacturing ConfidenceJulITEconomic SentimentJulUKGDP QoQ2Q AUKGDP YOY2Q AUKIndex of Services MoMMayUKIndex of Services 3M/3MMayUKCBI Retailing Reported SalesJulUSMBA Mortgage ApplicationsJul-22USDurable Goods OrdersJun PUSDurables Ex TransportationJun PUSPending Home Sales MoMJunUSPending Home Sales NSA YoYJunUSFOMC Rate Decision (Upper Bound)Jul-27USFOMC Rate Decision (Lower Bound)Jul-27JNJapan Buying Foreign BondsJul-22JNForeign Buying Japan StocksJul-22UKNationwide House PX MoMJul<	USNew Home SalesJun560kUSNew Home Sales MoMJun1.60%JNSmall Business ConfidenceJulGEImport Price Index MoMJun0.60%GEImport Price Index YoYJun-4.60%GEGfK Consumer ConfidenceAug9.9FRConsumer ConfidenceJul96FRPPI MoMJunFRPPI YoYJun5.00%ITConsumer Confidence IndexJul109.2ITManufacturing ConfidenceJul102ITEconomic SentimentJulUKGDP QoQ2Q A0.50%UKGDP YoY2Q A2.10%UKIndex of Services MoMMay0.30%UKCBI Retailing Reported SalesJulUSMBA Mortgage ApplicationsJul-22USDurable Goods OrdersJun P-1.10%USDurables Ex TransportationJun P0.30%USPending Home Sales MoMJun P0.30%USPending Home Sales NSA YoYJun3.00%USFOMC Rate Decision (Upper Bound)Jul-270.55%JNJapan Buying Foreign BondsJul-22JNJapan Buying Foreign StocksJul-22JNForeign Buying Japan BondsJul-22JNForeign Buying Japan BondsJul-22JNForeign Buying Japan StocksJul-22	US New Home Sales Jun 560k US New Home Sales MoM Jun 1.60% JN Small Business Confidence Jul GE Import Price Index MoM Jun 0.60% GE Import Price Index YoY Jun -4.60% GE GfK Consumer Confidence Aug 9.9 FR Consumer Confidence Jul 96 FR PPI MoM Jun IT Consumer Confidence Jul 1.09.2 IT Consumer Confidence Jul 1.02.2 IT

Date		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual	Prior
28-Jul	GE	CPI EU Harmonized YoY	Jul P	0.30%		0.20%
28-Jul	US	Advance Goods Trade Balance	Jun	-\$61.0b		-\$60.6b
28-Jul	US	Initial Jobless Claims	Jul-23	263k		253k
28-Jul	US	Continuing Claims	Jul-16	2136k		2128k
29-Jul	UK	GfK Consumer Confidence	Jul	-8		-1
29-Jul	JN	Jobless Rate	Jun	3.20%		3.20%
29-Jul	JN	Overall Household Spending YoY	Jun	-0.40%		-1.10%
29-Jul	JN	Natl CPI YoY	Jun	-0.40%		-0.40%
29-Jul	JN	Natl CPI Ex Fresh Food YoY	Jun	-0.40%		-0.40%
29-Jul	JN	Natl CPI Ex Food, Energy YoY	Jun	0.50%		0.60%
29-Jul	JN	Tokyo CPI YoY	Jul	-0.50%		-0.50%
29-Jul	JN	Tokyo CPI Ex-Fresh Food YoY	Jul	-0.40%		-0.50%
29-Jul	JN	Tokyo CPI Ex Food, Energy YoY	Jul	0.30%		0.40%
29-Jul	JN	Loans & Discounts Corp YoY	Jun			2.58%
29-Jul	JN	Industrial Production MoM	Jun P	0.50%		-2.60%
29-Jul	JN	Industrial Production YoY	Jun P	-2.90%		-0.40%
29-Jul	JN	Retail Trade YoY	Jun	-1.20%		-1.90%
29-Jul	JN	Retail Sales MoM	Jun	0.30%		0.00%
29-Jul	JN	Dept. Store, Supermarket Sales	Jun	-0.80%		-2.20%
29-Jul	JN	Vehicle Production YoY	Jun			1.70%
29-Jul	JN	Housing Starts YoY	Jun	-2.70%		9.80%
29-Jul	JN	Annualized Housing Starts	Jun	0.998m		1.017m
29-Jul	JN	Construction Orders YoY	Jun			34.50%
29-Jul	JN	Natl CPI Ex Fresh Food, Energy YoY	Jun	0.70%		0.80%
29-Jul	FR	GDP QoQ	2Q A	0.20%		0.60%
29-Jul	FR	GDP YoY	2Q A	1.60%		1.30%
29-Jul	GE	Retail Sales MoM	Jun	0.10%		0.90%
29-Jul	GE	Retail Sales YoY	Jun	1.60%		2.60%
29-Jul	FR	CPI MoM	Jul P	-0.40%		0.10%
29-Jul	FR	CPI YoY	Jul P	0.30%		0.20%
29-Jul	FR	Consumer Spending MoM	Jun	0.30%		-0.70%
29-Jul	FR	Consumer Spending YoY	Jun	2.00%		2.20%
29-Jul	IT	Unemployment Rate	Jun P	11.50%		11.50%
29-Jul	UK	Net Consumer Credit	Jun	1.4b		1.5b
29-Jul	UK	Net Lending Sec. on Dwellings	Jun	2.7b		2.8b
29-Jul	UK	Mortgage Approvals	Jun	65.8k	1	67.0k
29-Jul	EC	Unemployment Rate	Jun	10.10%		10.10%
29-Jul	EC	CPI Estimate YoY	Jul	0.10%		
29-Jul	EC	CPI Core YoY	Jul A	0.80%	-	0.90%
29-Jul	IT	PPI MoM	Jun			0.70%

Date		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual	Prior
29-Jul	IT	PPI YoY	Jun			-4.20%
29-Jul	US	Employment Cost Index	2Q	0.60%	1	0.60%
29-Jul	CA	GDP MoM	May	-0.50%		0.10%
29-Jul	CA	GDP YoY	May	1.30%		1.50%
29-Jul	US	GDP Annualized QoQ	2Q A	2.60%		1.10%
29-Jul	CA	Industrial Product Price MoM	Jun	0.60%		1.10%
29-Jul	US	Personal Consumption	2Q A	4.30%		1.50%
29-Jul	US	GDP Price Index	2Q A	1.90%		0.40%
29-Jul	US	Core PCE QoQ	2Q A	1.70%		2.00%
29-Jul	US	Chicago Purchasing Manager	Jul	54	-	56.8
29-Jul	US	U. of Mich. Sentiment	Jul F	90	1	89.5
29-Jul	JN	BOJ Annual Rise in Monetary Base	Jul-29	¥80t		¥80t
29-Jul	JN	BOJ Monetary Policy Statement				
29-Jul	JN	BOJ Basic Balance Rate	Jul-29			0.10%
29-Jul	JN	BOJ Macro Add-On Balance Rate	Jul-29	-		0.00%
29-Jul	JN	BOJ Policy Rate	Jul-29	-0.15%		-0.10%