



Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited

Basel III - Pillar 3 Disclosures

As at June 30, 2017

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Introduction

Bangkok Bank (“the Bank”) recognizes that effective risk management and good corporate governance are essential to the stability and sustainable credibility of the Bank and its subsidiaries in the Group (“the Group”). The Bank therefore places great emphasis on continually improving risk management processes and on having a sufficient level of capital to support business operations, at both the Bank level and the Group level.

The use of market discipline is deemed to be an important driver in the enhancement of the risk management system. Therefore disclosures of information regarding capital, risk exposures, risk assessment processes, and capital adequacy are provided at both the Bank level (Solo Basis) and the Group level (Full Consolidation Basis) in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Bank of Thailand (“BOT”).

The complete disclosure report of information regarding capital management in accordance with Basel III - Pillar 3 is provided, of which the quantitative information regarding capital structure, capital adequacy, and market risk assessment is disclosed semi-annually including a disclosure of additional capital requirement for higher loss absorbency which BOT has been classifying the bank as Domestic Systemically Important Banks (D-SIBs) since September 2017. As for the disclosure of qualitative information, it is updated annually or when there is a material change in the risk management policy. Disclosures will be made for information that the Bank considers to be of material nature. The Pillar 3 disclosure reports will be made available on the Bank’s website under the section “About Bangkok Bank/ Investor Relations” within four months after the end of relevant period.

Scope of Application

The disclosure report covers information at both the Bank level (Solo Basis) and the Group level (Full Consolidation Basis). There are 10 companies in the Group consisting of;

- Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited engaged in commercial banking (as the parent company)
- Bangkok Bank Berhad engaged in commercial banking
- Bangkok Bank (China) Company Limited engaged in commercial banking
- BBL Asset Management Company Limited engaged in fund management
- Bangkok Capital Asset Management Company Limited engaged in fund management
- Bualuang Securities Public Company Limited engaged in securities business
- Sinsuptawee Asset Management Company Limited engaged in asset management
- BBL Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd engaged in supporting business
- BBL (Cayman) Limited engaged in finance business
- Bualuang Ventures Limited engaged in venture capital

The scope of consolidation for accounting and regulatory purposes has no difference (See Table 6).

1. Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy

1.1 Capital Structure

The Bank's capital structure according to the regulations on capital requirements under the principles of BOT's Basel III, is revised into Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital.

- Common Equity Tier 1 capital comprises
 - 1) Paid-up share capital
 - 2) Premium (discount) on common share
 - 3) Legal reserves
 - 4) Reserves appropriated from net profit
 - 5) Retained earnings after appropriations
 - 6) Non-controlling interest classified as Common Equity Tier 1
 - 7) Other reserves
 - 8) Deductions such as intangible assets
- Additional Tier 1 capital consists of non-controlling interest classified as Tier 1 capital.
- Tier 2 capital consists of
 - 1) Long-term subordinated debt instrument subordinated to depositors and general creditors
 - 2) General provisions for normal assets not exceeding 1.25 percent of credit risk-weighted assets
 - 3) Non-controlling interest classified as Tier 2

In adopting Basel III, BOT relaxes for new items by allowing to phase in the addition into or deduction from the capital at 20 percent p.a. starting from 2014 to 2018. As for subordinated debt instruments classified as Tier 2 of which the criteria do not meet qualifications under Basel III regarding capability for loss absorbency of the Bank at the point of non-viability i.e. no conversion feature to common shares or written off upon the authority's decision to make financial support to the Bank, BOT requires phasing out capital at 10 percent p.a. starting from 2013 to 2022.

Table 1: Capital Structure

Unit : Million Baht

Capital	The Group		The Bank	
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	366,709	360,702	352,369	347,373
Tier 1 Capital	366,795	360,818	352,369	347,373
Total Capital	406,769	403,068	391,470	388,788

1.2 Capital Adequacy

The objective of the Bank's and the Group's capital management policy is to maintain an adequate level of capital to support growth strategies within an acceptable risk framework, as well as to meet regulatory requirements and market expectations.

In compliance with the BOT's supervisory review process guidelines, the Bank's capital management process assesses the overall risk and capital adequacy under the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP). The process covers assessments of all substantial risks to the Bank's operations under projected normal and stressed scenarios, so that the Bank can effectively manage its risks while ascertaining and ensuring that it has a sound capital base in line with its risk profile. Therefore, the Bank will expand the capital management process to the Group.

The Standardized Approach (SA) is used to measure credit risk, market risk, and operational risk for computing regulatory capital requirements under BOT's Basel III at both the Bank level and the Group level.

Under the principles of Basel III, the BOT requires that commercial banks registered in Thailand and their groups must maintain three minimum capital adequacy ratios: a Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of no less than 4.50 percent, a Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of no less than 6.00 percent, and a Total capital adequacy ratio of no less than 8.50 percent. The aforementioned minimum ratio has yet to include the Capital Conservation Buffer which BOT sets out to phasing in additional capital ratio of more than 0.625 percent p.a. beginning from January 1, 2016 until completion of the increment to more than 2.50 percent from January 1, 2019. Besides, in September 2017 the BOT has announced the guideline to identify and regulate Domestic Systemically Important Banks (D-SIBs). The BOT requires the Bank, classified as D-SIBs, must have additional capital requirement for Higher Loss Absorbency (HLA) requirement by increasing the Common Equity Tier 1 ratio at 1 percent, beginning at 0.5 percent from January 1, 2019 and increasing to be 1 percent from January 1, 2020 onwards. Consequently, Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of more than 5.75 percent, Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of more than 7.25 percent, and Total capital adequacy ratio of more than 9.75 percent must be maintained within 2017. From January 1, 2019, Common Equity Tier 1 ratio, Tier 1 ratio and Total capital ratio must be of more than 7.50, 9.00 and 11.50 percent of the total risk-weighted assets respectively. And from January 1, 2020, Common Equity Tier 1 ratio, Tier 1 ratio and Total capital ratio must be of more than 8.00, 9.50 and 12.00 percent of the total risk-weighted assets respectively.

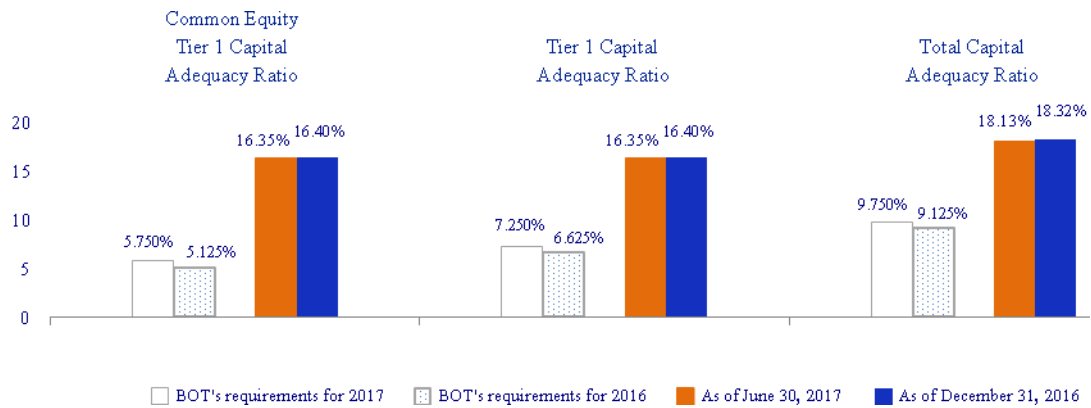
Moreover, BOT may require banks to maintain additional capital for Countercyclical Buffer at maximum 2.50 percent. As at June 30, 2017, the Bank and the Group has adequate capital for such buffers.

Table 2: Capital Adequacy

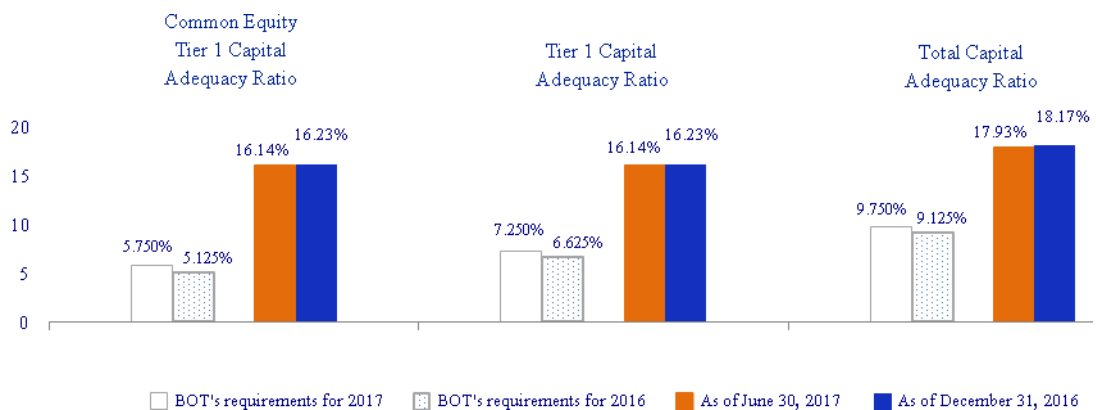
Capital	The Group		The Bank	
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	16.35%	16.40%	16.14%	16.23%
Tier 1 Capital	16.35%	16.40%	16.14%	16.23%
Total Capital	18.13%	18.32%	17.93%	18.17%

Capital Adequacy Ratio

Group Level (Full Consolidation Basis)



Bank Level (Solo Basis)



Remark: The BOT requires commercial banks to maintain an additional Capital Conservation Buffer. The buffer will gradually increase by more than 0.625 percent each year from January 1, 2016 until it reaches more than 2.5 percent in January 1, 2019. And the BOT also requires commercial banks to have additional capital requirement for Higher Loss Absorbency (HLA) requirement by increasing the Common Equity Tier 1 ratio at 1 percent, beginning at 0.5 percent from January 1, 2019 and increasing to be 1 percent from January 1, 2020 onwards.

Table 3: Component of Capital

Unit : Million Baht

Component of Capital	The Group		The Bank	
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Tier 1 Capital	366,795	360,818	352,369	347,373
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	366,709	360,702	352,369	347,373
Paid-up Share Capital	19,088	19,088	19,088	19,088
Premiums on Share Capital	56,346	56,346	56,346	56,346
Legal Reserves	21,500	21,000	21,500	21,000
Reserves Appropriated from Net Profit	91,500	91,500	91,500	91,500
Net Profit after Appropriations	126,996	118,911	111,206	104,926
¹ Other Comprehensive Income *	51,842	54,354	53,237	54,977
² Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital *	(563)	(497)	(508)	(464)
Additional Tier 1 Capital	86	116	-	-
³ Non-controlling Interest *	86	116	-	-
Tier 2 Capital	39,974	42,250	39,101	41,415
⁵ Subordinated Debenture *	14,768	17,721	14,768	17,721
General Provision	25,198	24,523	24,333	23,694
⁴ Non-controlling Interest *	8	6	-	-
Total Capital	406,769	403,068	391,470	388,788

*Component of Capital subject to Phasing in (out)

Unit : Million Baht

As at June 30, 2017	The Group		The Bank	
	Classified as (Deducted) Capital	Outstanding Balance for Phasing in (out)	Classified as (Deducted) Capital	Outstanding Balance for Phasing in (out)
Phasing in (out) at 20 percent p.a. beginning 2014 - 2018				
¹ Other Comprehensive Income	51,842	(380)	53,237	13
² Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	(563)	(141)	(508)	(128)
³ Non-controlling Interest	86	(43)	-	-
⁴ Non-controlling Interest	8	3	-	-
Phasing in (out) at 10 percent p.a. beginning 2013 - 2022				
⁵ Subordinated Debenture	14,768	(14,768)	14,768	(14,768)

*Component of Capital subject to Phasing in (out)

Unit : Million Baht

As at December 31, 2016	The Group		The Bank	
	Classified as (Deducted) Capital	Outstanding Balance for Phasing in (out)	Classified as (Deducted) Capital	Outstanding Balance for Phasing in (out)
Phasing in (out) at 20 percent p.a. beginning 2014 - 2018				
¹ Other Comprehensive Income	54,354	61	54,977	565
² Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	(497)	(331)	(464)	(309)
³ Non-controlling Interest	116	(76)	-	-
⁴ Non-controlling Interest	6	4	-	-
Phasing in (out) at 10 percent p.a. beginning 2013 - 2022				
⁵ Subordinated Debenture	17,721	(17,721)	17,721	(17,721)

Table 4: Minimum Capital Requirements for Each Type of Risks

Unit : Million Baht

Type of Risks	The Group		The Bank	
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Minimum Capital Requirements for Credit Risk	172,625	168,996	168,705	165,139
Performing	170,307	167,194	166,443	163,371
- Sovereigns and Central Banks, Multilateral Development Banks (MDB ¹), and Provincial Organizations/ Government Entities/ State Enterprises (PSE ²) which have the same Risk Weight as Sovereigns	1,677	2,046	1,676	2,046
- Financial Institutions, Securities Firms, and Provincial Organizations/ Government Entities/ State Enterprises (PSE) which have the same Risk Weight as Financial Institutions	7,663	8,541	7,158	7,959
- Corporates, and Provincial Organizations/ Government Entities/ State Enterprises (PSE) which have the same Risk Weight as Corporates	125,442	120,767	120,250	116,013
- Retail	13,342	13,784	13,247	13,689
- Residential Mortgage Loans	7,358	7,211	7,358	7,210
- Other Assets	14,825	14,845	16,754	16,454
Non-performing	2,318	1,802	2,262	1,768
Minimum Capital Requirements for Market Risk	3,259	3,525	3,148	3,381
- Interest Rate Risk	2,565	2,783	2,541	2,777
- Equity Price Risk	108	144	-	-
- Foreign Exchange Risk	586	598	607	604
- Commodity Price Risk	-	-	-	-
Minimum Capital Requirements for Operational Risk	14,775	14,478	13,713	13,366
Total Minimum Capital Requirements	190,659	186,999	185,566	181,886

Remark

¹ Multilateral Development Bank

² Non-central Government Public Sector Entity

Table 5: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments

	Ordinary Share	Subordinated Debt 1	Subordinated Debt 2
Issuer	Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited	Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited Hong Kong Branch	Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited
ISIN Code	TH0001010006	USY0606WBQ25 (Reg S) US059895AH54 (144A)	TH0001032C09
Regulatory Treatment			
Instrument Type	Common Equity Tier 1	Tier 2 capital	Tier 2 capital
Qualified Basel III	Qualified	Non-qualified	Non-qualified
Non-qualified Basel III Features	N/A	No loss absorption features	No loss absorption features
Phased-out or Full-amount	Full-amount	Phased-out at 10% p.a.	Phased-out at 10% p.a.
Eligible at Solo/ Group Level	Group & solo	Group & solo	Group & solo
Amount Recognized in Regulatory Capital (Net of Phasing out) (Unit: THB Million)	19,088	4,768	10,000
Par Value	10 Baht	1,000 U.S. Dollar	1,000 Baht
Accounting Classification	Shareholder's equity	Amortized-cost debt	Amortized-cost debt
Original Date of Issuance	Multiple	January 28, 1999	December 7, 2012
Perpetual or Dated	Perpetual	Dated	Dated
Original Maturity Date	No maturity	March 15, 2029	December 7, 2022
Issuer's Authority to Call subject to Prior Supervisory Approval	No	No	No
Optional Call Date, Contingent Call Date and Redemption Amount	N/A	The Bank has the option to redeem the subordinated notes if there are changes in or amendments to the tax laws or regulations of Thailand and/or Hong Kong resulted that the Bank has additional amount to pay in respect to the withholding tax. The redemption amount of the notes shall be equal to total outstanding principal plus accrued interest.	December 7, 2017 / Full redemption amount
Subsequent Call Dates, if Applicable	N/A	Any date after original date of issuance	At any coupon payment dates after 5 years from original date of issuance

Table 5: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments (Continued)

	Ordinary Share	Subordinated Debt 1	Subordinated Debt 2
Coupons / Dividends			
Fixed or Floating Dividend/ Coupon	Discretionary dividend amount	Fixed rate	Fixed rate
Coupon Rate and any Related Index	Distributable profit that has been declared as dividend	9.025 % p.a.	4.375 % p.a.
Existence of a Dividend Stopper	No	No	No
Fully Discretionary, Partially Discretionary or Mandatory	Fully discretionary	Mandatory by BOT	Mandatory by BOT
Existence of Step up or Other Incentive to Redeem	No	No	No
Non-cumulative or Cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative
Convertible or Non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible	Non-convertible
Write-down Feature	No	No	No
Position in Subordination Hierarchy in Liquidation	The ordinary shareholders shall receive the return of capital in a winding-up at the last position.	The subordinated noteholders shall receive the return of capital in a winding-up after preferred shareholders, depositors and general creditors.	The subordinated noteholders shall receive the return of capital in a winding-up after preferred shareholders, depositors and general creditors.

Table 6: Reconciliation of Regulatory Capital and Financial Statement under Consolidated Supervision

The Group Capital		Unit : Million Baht		
Item	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	References Based on	
	Amount	Amount	Balance Sheet under the Consolidated Supervision	
<u>Tier 1 Capital</u>				
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital				
Paid-up Common Shares after Deducting Treasury Shares	19,088	19,088	A	
Premiums on Share Capital	56,346	56,346	B	
Legal Reserves	21,500	21,000	C	
Reserves Appropriated from Net Profit	91,500	91,500	D	
Net Profit after Appropriation	126,996	118,911	E	
Other Comprehensive Income				
Revaluation Surplus on Land Building and Condominium Appraisal	23,970	24,433	F	
Revaluation Surplus (Deficit) of Available for Sale Equity and Debt				
Securities	32,058	31,233	G	
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	(4,186)	(1,312)	H	
Other Owner Changes Items	-	-		
Total CET1 Capital before Regulatory Adjustments and Deduction	367,272	361,199		
Regulatory Adjustments on CET1	-	-		
Regulatory Deduction on CET1				
Intangible Assets (Software Computer License)	(563)	(497)	I	
Total Regulatory Deduction on CET1	(563)	(497)		
Total CET1	366,709	360,702		
Additional Tier 1 Capital				
Non-controlling Interest	86	116	J	
Total Tier 1 Capital	366,795	360,818		
<u>Tier 2 Capital</u>				
Proceeds from Issuing Subordinated Debt Securities	14,768	17,721	K	
General Provision	25,198	24,523	L	
Non-controlling Interest	8	6	M	
Total Tier 2 Capital	39,974	42,250		
Total Regulatory Capital	406,769	403,068		

Table 6: Reconciliation of Regulatory Capital and Financial Statement under Consolidated Supervision (Continued)

Balance Sheet under the Consolidated Supervision ¹			Unit : Million Baht
Items	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	References for the Group Capital Items
	Amount	Amount	
Assets			
Cash	51,782	66,338	
Interbank and Money Market Items, net	514,488	394,612	
Claim on Securities	8	7	
Derivative Assets	26,103	24,471	
Investments, net	514,825	546,614	
Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates, net	1,362	1,327	
Loans to Customers and Accrued Interest Receivables, net			
Loans to Customers	1,978,947	1,941,586	
Accrued Interest Receivables	3,888	4,653	
Total Loans to Customers and Accrued Interest Receivables	1,982,835	1,946,239	
<u>Less</u> Deferred Revenue	(556)	(493)	
<u>Less</u> Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(127,396)	(116,809)	
Qualified as Capital	(25,198)	(24,523)	L
<u>Less</u> Revaluation Allowance for Debt Restructuring	(2,522)	(2,710)	
Total Loans to Customers and Accrued Interest Receivables, net	1,852,361	1,826,227	
Customers' Liabilities under Acceptances	1,291	686	
Properties for Sale, net	11,298	12,263	
Premises and Equipment, net	44,366	45,231	
Other Intangible Assets, net	704	829	
Deduction from Capital	(563)	(497)	I
Deferred Tax Assets	3,535	3,348	
Securities Business Receivables-Cash Accounts	3,928	3,542	
Collateral Placed with Financial Counterparties	2,698	4,367	
Other Assets, net	12,383	14,368	
Total Assets	3,041,132	2,944,230	
Liabilities			
Deposits	2,297,918	2,178,141	
Interbank and Money Market Items, net	114,537	130,928	
Liabilities Payable on Demand	13,065	12,326	
Liabilities to Deliver Securities	869	273	
Derivative Liabilities	19,530	26,714	
Debt Issued and Borrowings	131,595	137,815	
Debt Instruments that are Qualified as Capital	14,768	17,721	K
Bank's Liabilities under Acceptances	1,291	686	
Provisions	12,848	12,941	
Deferred Tax Liabilities	5,751	5,702	
Other Liabilities	58,939	59,459	
Total Liabilities	2,656,343	2,564,985	

Table 6: Reconciliation of Regulatory Capital and Financial Statement under Consolidated Supervision (Continued)

Balance Sheet under the Consolidated Supervision¹		Unit : Million Baht	
Items	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	References for the Group Capital Items
	Amount	Amount	
Owner' Equity			
Share Capital			
Authorized Share Capital			
Preferred Shares	17	17	
Common Shares	39,983	39,983	
Issued and Paid-up Share Capital			
Common Shares	19,088	19,088	A
Premium on Share Capital			
Premium on Common Shares	56,346	56,346	B
Other Comprehensive Income			
Qualified as Capital	51,842	54,354	F, G, H
Retained Earnings			
Appropriated			
Legal Reserve	21,500	21,000	C
Others	91,500	91,500	D
Unappropriated			
Qualified as Capital	126,996	118,911	E
Total Shareholders' Equity	384,532	379,015	
Non-controlling Interest			
Qualified as Tier 1 Capital	86	116	J
Qualified as Tier 2 Capital	8	6	M
Total Owner's Equity	384,789	379,245	
Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity	3,041,132	2,944,230	

Remark

¹ The scope of consolidation for accounting and regulatory purposes has no difference.